[1 Point]

EcoTech Manufacturing is a mid-sized company, specializing in producing eco-friendly consumer products. The company has grown steadily over the years, expanding its product line to include various green products.

Consider the information below, regarding the indirect costs faced by Ecotech and the activities of the firm, broken down per product:

May 2024	€
R&D	75 000 €
Production Setup	?
Quality Control	70 000 €

May 2024	Water Bottle	Lunch Box	Bag	Tooth brush	Total
Nr of Designs	6	2	4	3	15
Nr of Setups	10	12	6	8	36
Nr of Inspections	50	30	40	20	140

Knowing that EcoTech uses Activity Based Costing and that the indirect costs assigned to the **Water Bottle** were **61 000 €**, how much were the total Production Setup costs (rounded to units)?

Α	21 600 €
В	6 000 €
С	4 800 €
D	84 000 €
Е	None of the others

[1 Point]

Devtron, a company specializing in gadgets, is preparing its financial statements for the year. The company's accountant, Sarah, is tasked with determining the opening stock of direct materials. She has gathered the following information for the year:

Inventory	Opening	Closing
Finished Goods	9 000 €	11 000 €
Work in Progress	0€	0€
Direct Materials	?	5 000 €

Additional Info	€
Cost of Goods Sold	58 000 €
Purchases of DM	30 000 €
Direct Labor Cost	4 500 €
Manufacturing Overheads	17 500 €

You are asked to help Sarah. Using the information provided, what is the opening stock of direct materials for Devtron?

A 13 000 €
 B 9 000 €
 C 17 500 €
 D 22 000 €
 E None of the others.

[1 Point]

SunRise Ltd., a company specializing in solar panel installations, needs to determine the number of units it must sell to achieve a target profit of 35 000 €. Here are the relevant details:

- SunRise can afford to lose 22.5% of current sales before incurring into losses.
- · Sales Volume: 8 000 units
- Contribution Margin per Unit: 5 €

How many units does SunTech Ltd. need to sell to achieve a target profit of 35 000 €?

Α	13 200 units
В	13 531 units
С	6 200 units
D	7 000 units
Ε	None of the others.

[1 Point]

SteelMaster Fabrication is a company founded in 2016. Known for its precision and quality, SteelMaster produces High-Tensile Steel Beams. Consider the information below regarding the month of May:

	Units
Production	2 280
Practical Capacity	2 400
Sales	2 100
Finished Good's Opening Inventory	0
	l
	€
MVC per Unit	175 €

Knowing that the difference in profit between Full Costing based on Practical Capacity and Variable Costing is 16 500 €, what were the **Manufacturing Fixed Costs** for the period?

Α	220 000 €
В	132 000 €
С	209 000 €
D	330 000 €
Е	None of the others.

A soft drink company
A law firm
A custom garden equipment manufacturer
A home remodeling company

■ Calculator

GreenLeaf Organics is a small, family-owned business dedicated to producing high-quality, organic skincare products. Founded in 2015, the company prides itself on using sustainably sourced ingredients and ecofriendly packaging. Consider the information below from May:

Static Budget	10 000 Units	P&L Actual	9540 Units
Sales	80 000 €	Sales	82 998 €
Direct Materials	15 000 €	Direct Materials	16 170 €
Direct Labor	15 000 €	Direct Labour	16 632 €
Packaging Cost	10 000 €	Packaging Cost	10 350 €
Contribution Margin	40 000 €	Contribution Margin	39 846 €
Fixed Costs	12 500 €	Fixed Costs	12 500 €
Operating Profit	27 500 €	Operating Profit	27 346 €

[1 Point]

What is the difference in profit attributable to changes in the sales price?

Α	6 678 €
В	2 998 €
С	-7 000 €
D	7 000 €
Ε	None of the others.

[1 Point]

Knowing that the **budgeted price of Direct Materials** was **15€** and the **Direct Materials efficiency variance** is unfavorable in 390€. What is the **actual quantity** of Direct Materials consumed in the month of June?

Α	980 units
В	1 078 units
С	954 units
D	928 units
Е	None of the others.

[1 Point] What was the total impact on the operating profit of changes in prices and efficiency?					
Α	1 686 €				
В	-154€				
С	-1 840 €				
D	1 767 €				
Е	None of the others.				

[6 Points]

AquaPure Technologies is a leading manufacturer of advanced water filtration systems for both residential (AquaPure Home™) and commercial use (AquaPure Business™). AquaPure Technologies operates a state-of-the-art production facility where quality and efficiency are top priorities.

Consider the information below:

Department	Directly Assigned Costs
Moulding	120 000 €
Assembly	80 000 €
Maintenance	50 000 €
Quality Control	100 000€
Total Overheads	350 000 €

Direct Labour Costs

AquaPure Home™	12 500 €
AquaPure Business™	24 500 €

Work-in-progress Stocks	Opening	Closing
AquaPure Home™	750 €	400 €
AquaPure Business™	200€	550 €
DM Consumption		
AquaPure Home™	7 000 €	
AquaPure Business™	14 000 €	

3.1) Compute the COGM for AquaPure Home $^{\text{TM}}$ assuming the company uses a **Single Overhead Rate** based on the value of **Direct Materials** to allocate overhead costs.

ANSWER ON PAPER



- **3.2)** You were intrigued about each department's mission and asked the plant manager for additional information. She was kind enough to provide you with a small description of the mission of each as well as their activities:
 - Moulding: produces the plastic components of the filtering systems (unit of work is Machine hours Mh)
 - Assembly: filtering systems are assembled by plant workers (unit of work is Labor hours Lh)
 - **Maintenance**: provides maintenance services to all other departments on a request basis (unit of work is Number of Requests Rq)
 - Quality Control: ensures all departments are working at the maximum efficiency level, running periodic inspections (unit of work is Number of Inspections In)

Users \ Suppliers	Moulding	Assembly	Maintenance	Quality Control
AquaPure Home™	950 Mh	200 Lh	-	-
AquaPure Bussiness™	1000 Mh	600 Lh	-	-
Moulding	-	-	600 Rq	30 ln
Assembly	-	-	200 Rq	50 ln
Maintenance	-	-	-	48 ln
Quality Control	-	-	140 Rq	-
Total	1950 Mh	800 Lh	940 Rq	128 In

3.2) Considering the information collected so far, compute the **COGM for AquaPure Home™** using the **Direct allocation method**. Comment on the results obtained with the value in **Question 3.1)**, highlighting the difference in the allocation of Manufacturing Overheads between both.

CALCULATIONS ON PAPER, COMMENT ON WISEFLOW

В	I	ū	: =	1=	á	
						200 Word Limit

■ Calculator

[6 Points]

FashionForward Inc. is a renowned clothing manufacturer specializing in high-end fashion apparel, operating in several markets globally. The company is currently preparing its budget for the upcoming fiscal year (Year N) to ensure continued growth and profitability.

As FashionForward Inc. prepares for the upcoming fiscal year, the management team has asked for your help to compute the cash budget and some items of the balance sheet. Below you can find all the relevant information:

- 1. Payments and Collections Policy
- The sales collection period is 15 days.
- The supplier's payment period is 30 days.
- The difference between VAT charged to customers and VAT paid to suppliers should be calculated at the end of each guarter and paid to the State according to the payment terms of **90 days**.
- · Variable conversion costs and fixed costs are paid in cash the same month they occur.

2. Information about N-1

	Q4 N-1
Sales + VAT	58 500 €
Purchases + VAT	17 574 €
VAT Payable to the State	6 350 €
	•
	31st Dec N-1
Non-current Assets	31st Dec N-1 39 000 €
Non-current Assets Equity	0.00200

- 3. Other Assumptions
- · Assume that each quarter has 90 days and the activity is regular within each quarter.
- Both Sales and Purchases of DM's are subject to VAT of 20%.

4. Master Budget

Sales Budget	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	N
Revenue + VAT	62 100 €	61 800 €	102 000 €	84 000 €	309 900 €
Purchases Budget	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	N
Purchases + VAT	11 880 €	16 740 €	16 800 €	20 400 €	65 820 €
COGM Budget	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	N
COGM Budget	Q1 11 808 €	Q2 13 900 €	Q3	Q4 14 000 €	N 53 708 €
DM Variable Conversion	11 808 €	13 900 €	14 000 €	14 000 €	53 708 €

of which Depreciation	4 000 €	4 000 €	4 000 €	4 000 €	16 000 €
Total	23 000 €	23 000 €	23 000 €	23 000 €	92 000 €
SG&A	8 000 €	8 000 €	8 000 €	8 000 €	32 000 €
MOH's	15 000 €	15 000 €	15 000 €	15 000 €	60 000 €

Question 4.1) Prepare the Cash Budget for **Q1 and Q2**. Fill the table below, while presenting the calculations you find relevant in the answer sheet. Round to the nearest unit.

FILL THE CASH BUDGET BELOW (ROUNDED TO UNITS AND NO WHITESPACE, e.g, 1234.56 >>> 1235; NEGATIVE NUMBERS, e.g, -1234.56 >>> -1235), CALCULATIONS ON PAPER.

Operating Cash Balance	Q1	Q2
Receipts		
Sales Q-1		
Sales Q		
Total Receipts		
Payments		
Suppliers Q-1		
Suppliers Q		
Variable Conversion		
Costs		
Fixed Costs		
VAT To State		
Total Payments		
Operating Cash Balance		

Question 4.2) Compute the following items to be on the Balance Sheet for the four Quarters. Fill the table below, while presenting the calculations you find relevant in the answer sheet. Round to the nearest unit.

FILL THE BALANCE SHEET ITEMS BELOW (ROUNDED TO UNITS AND NO WHITESPACE, e.g, 1234.56 >>> 1235; NEGATIVE NUMBERS, e.g, -1234.56 >>> -1235), CALCULATIONS ON PAPER.

	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Non- Current Assets				
Accounts Receivable				
Equity				
Accounts Payable				