The Business Model Canvas

Abrao Kulaif | Week 3 Principles of Management | 2025



To recap

- Types of costs: fixed, variable, explicit, implicit, opportunity
- The cases of McDonald's & Amazon

_What is a business model?

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It's all about VALUE (!!!)

_Making sure every needed step is thought

The 9 building blocks (!)

Key activities Value Propositions Customer Segments Key partners Customer relationships Channels Key resources Cost Structure Revenue Streams

_Framing it differently

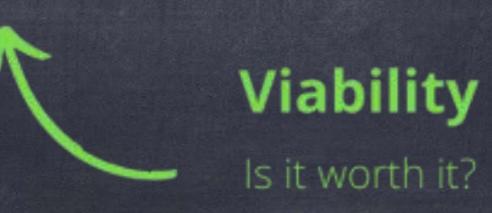
Feasibility

Can we deliver it?

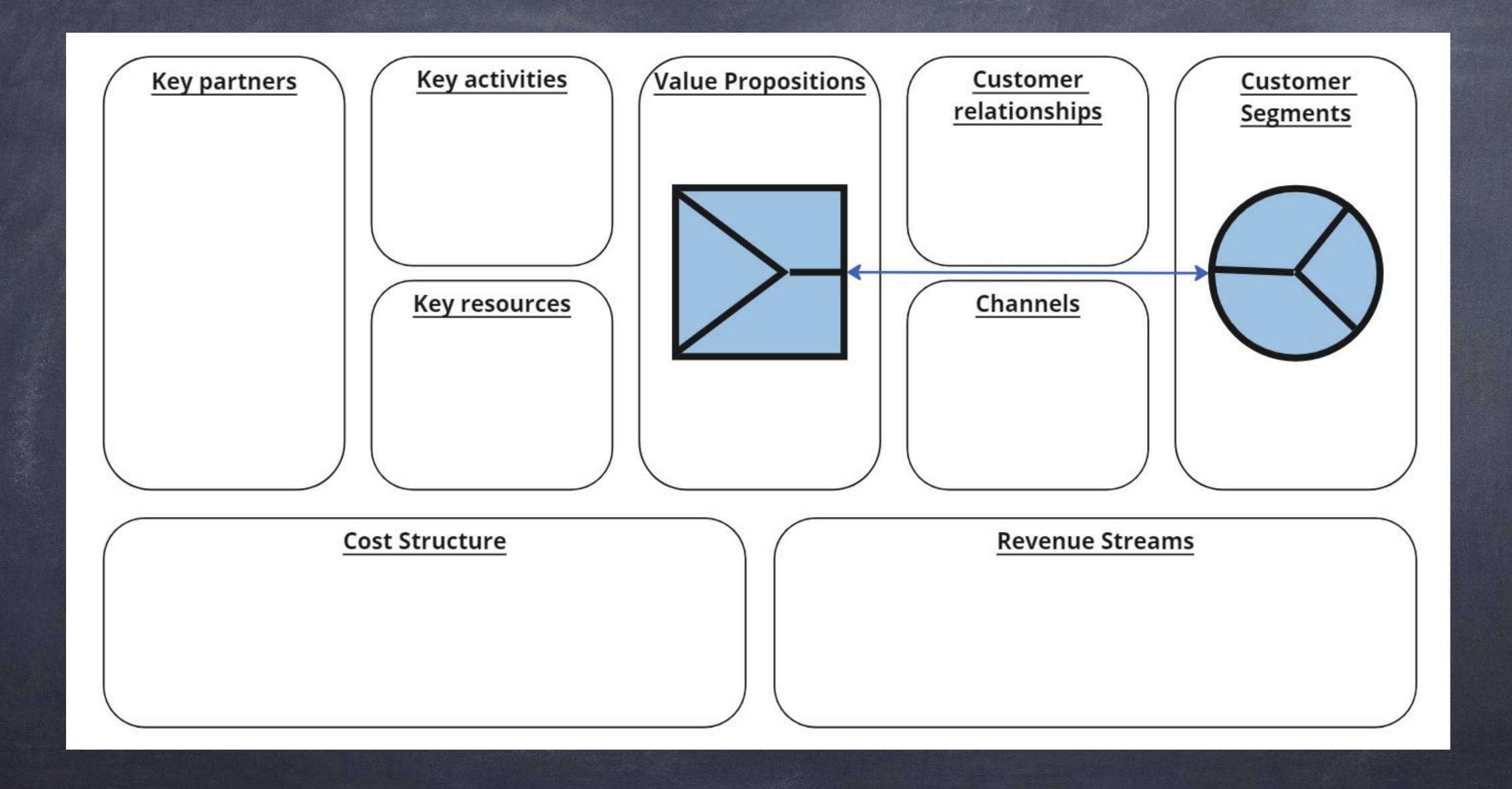


Desirability

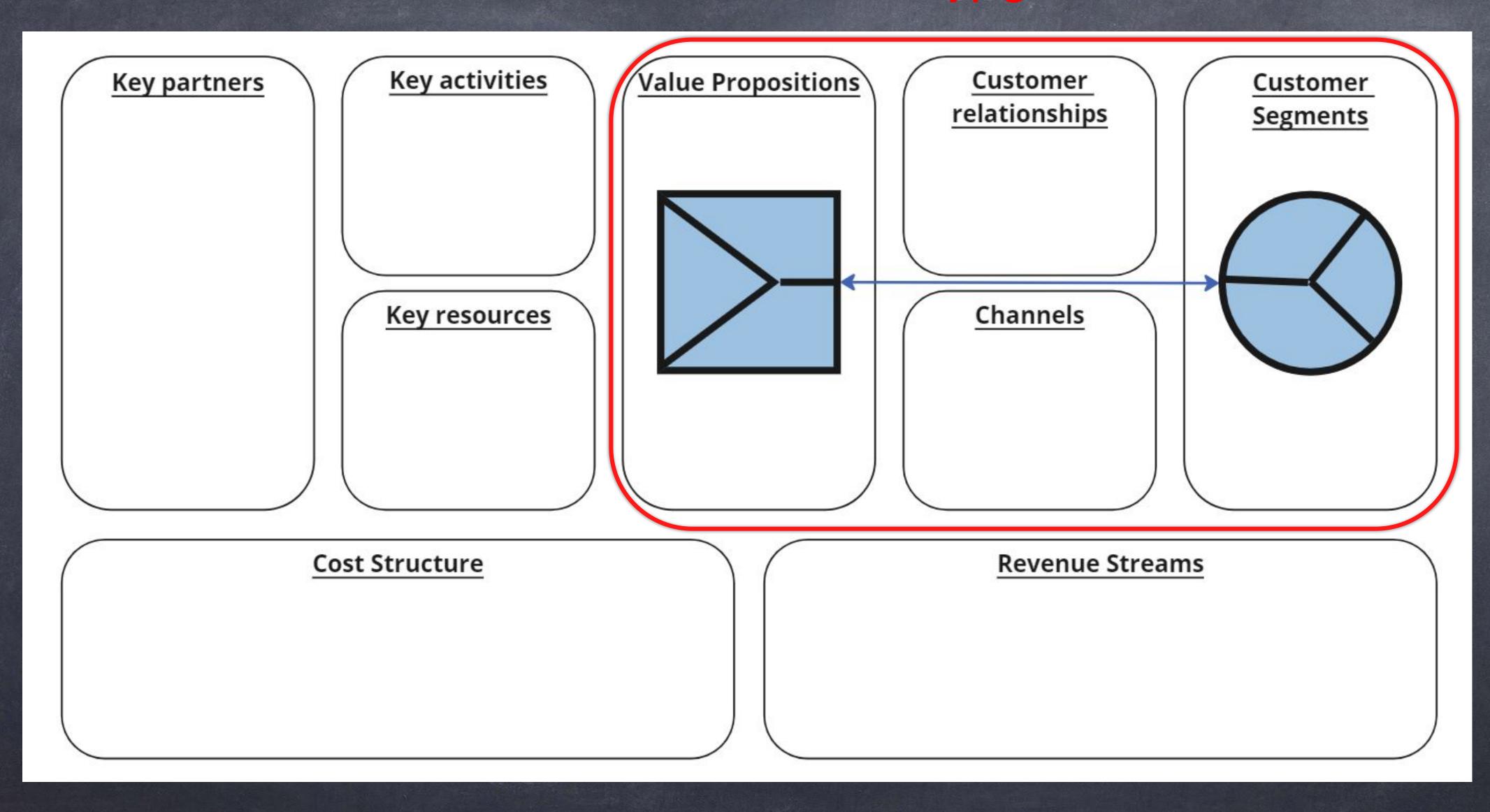
Do they want it?



BMC + VPC

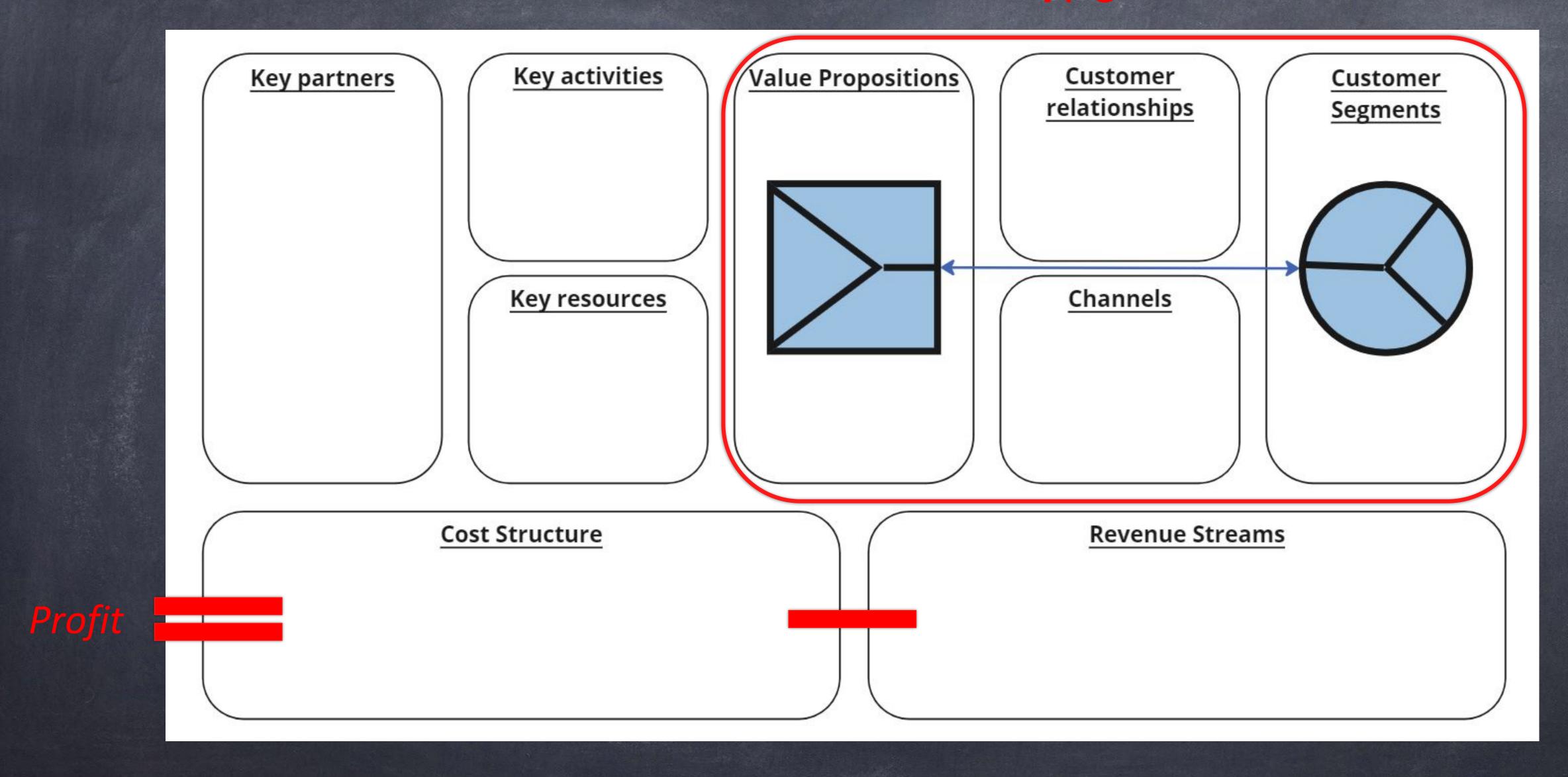


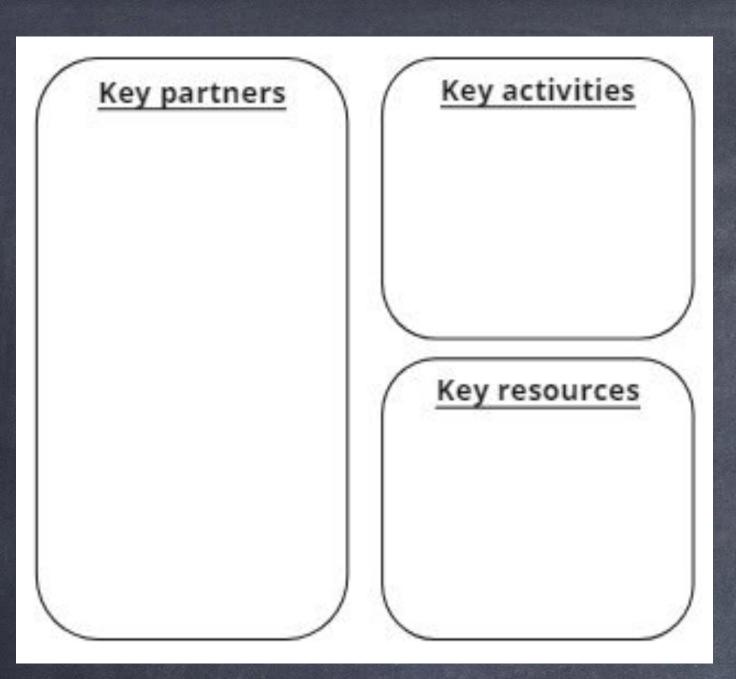
VPC



BMC + VPC

VPC

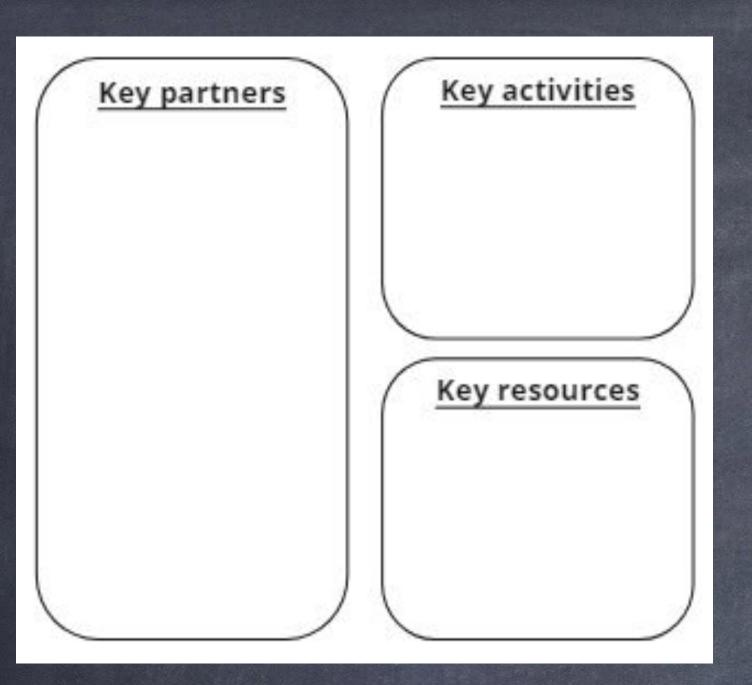




BMC

Key activities:

Are the most important activities an organization needs to perform well



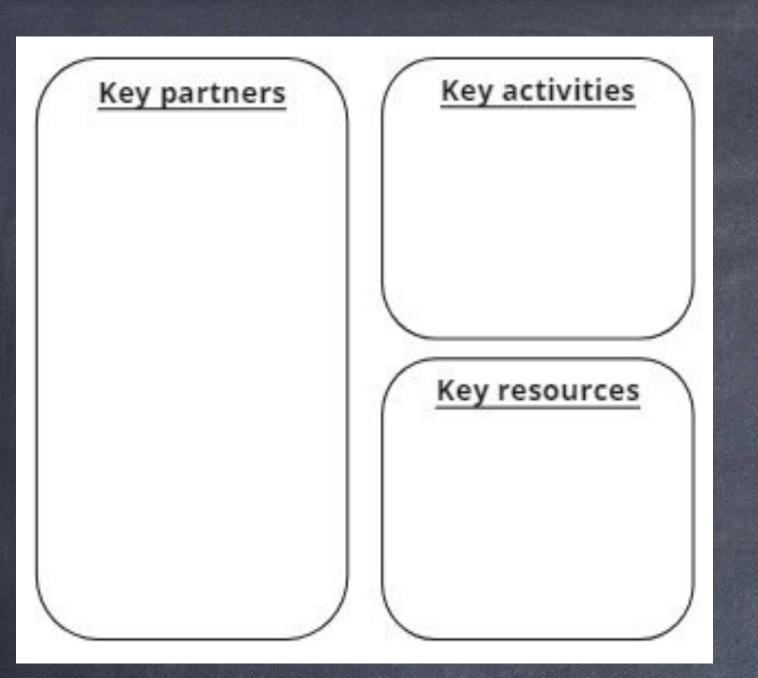


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Key partners:

Shows the network of suppliers and partners that bring in external resources and activities

BMC

Cost Structure Revenue Streams

Cost structure:

Describes all costs incurred to operate a business model

BMC

Cost Structure

Revenue Streams

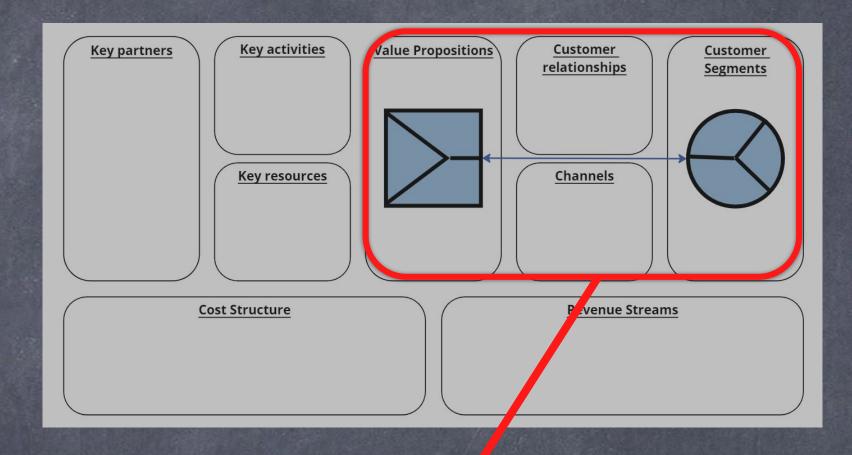
Cost structure:

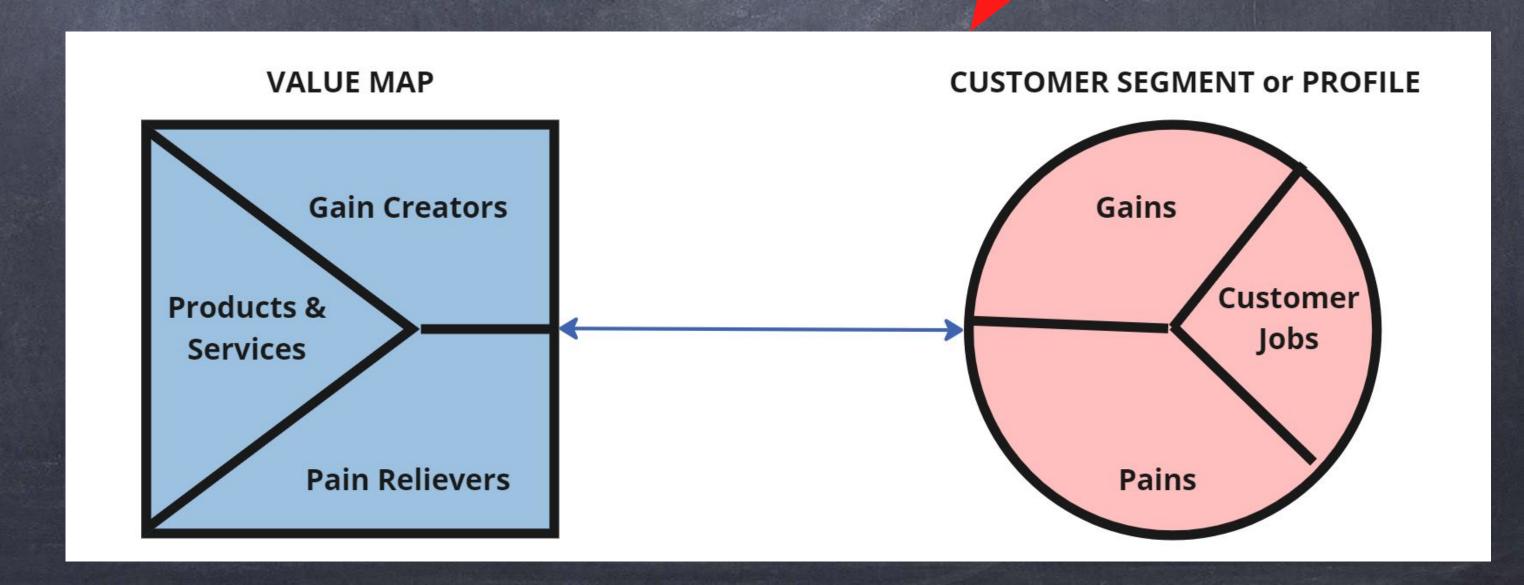
Describes all costs incurred to operate a business model

Revenue streams:

Result from a value proposition successfully offered to a customer segment. It's how an organization captures value with a price that customers are willing to pay

VPC

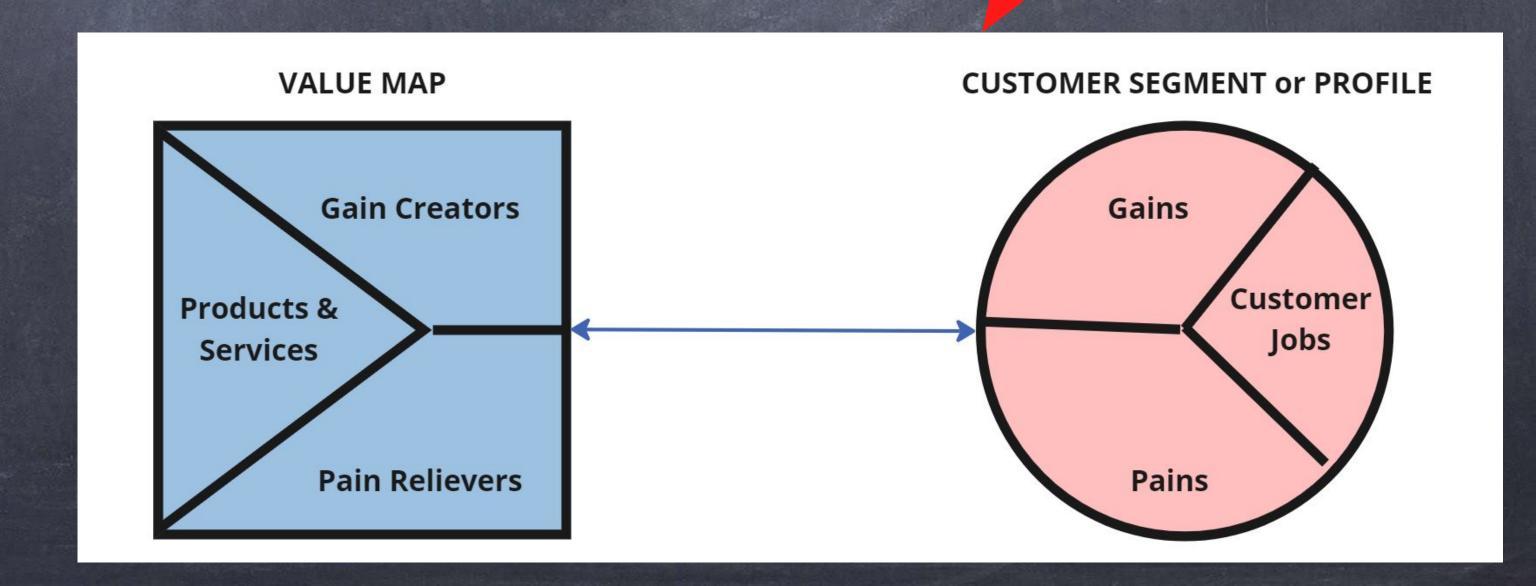




The VPC resides within the BMC. It allows you to observe customers, understand their characteristics and verify the market as well as understand how to create benefits that attract these customers, thereby creating value.





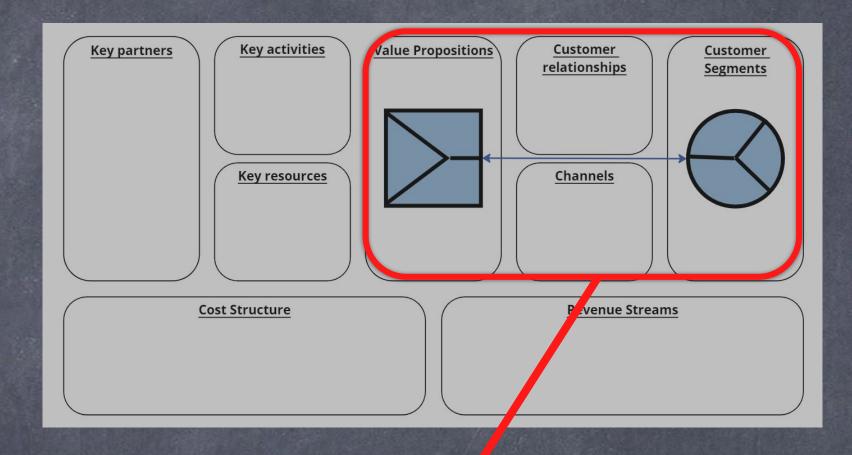


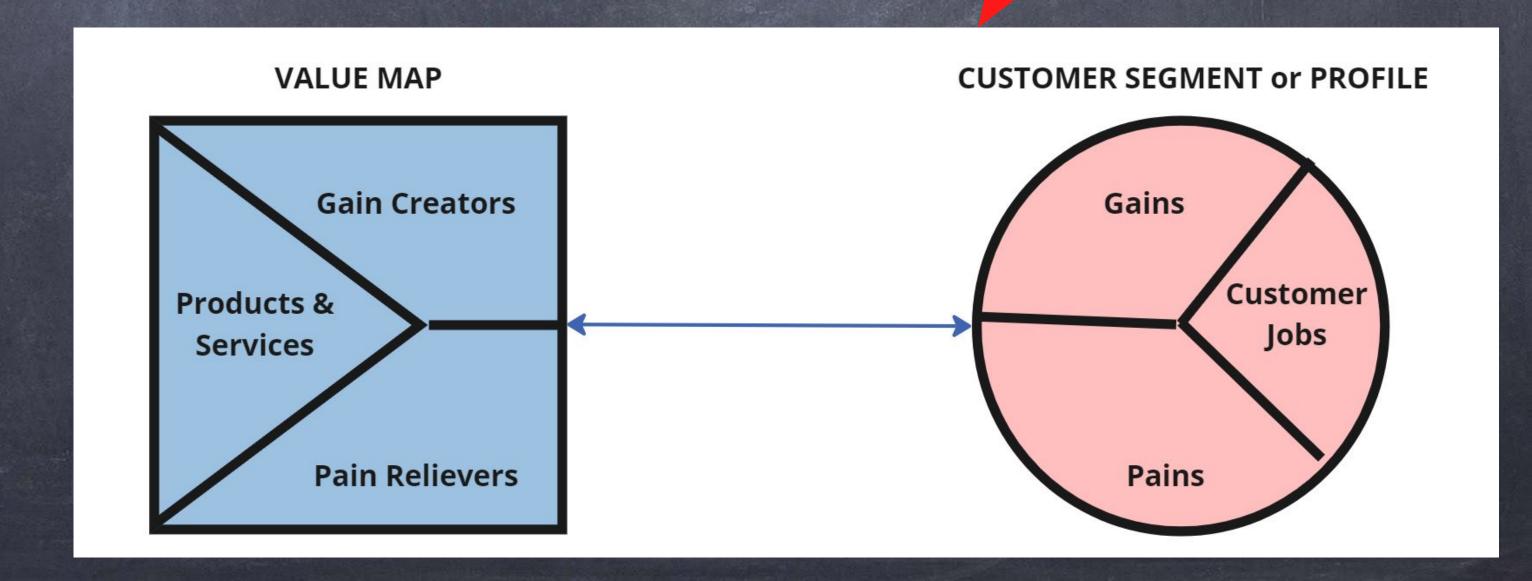
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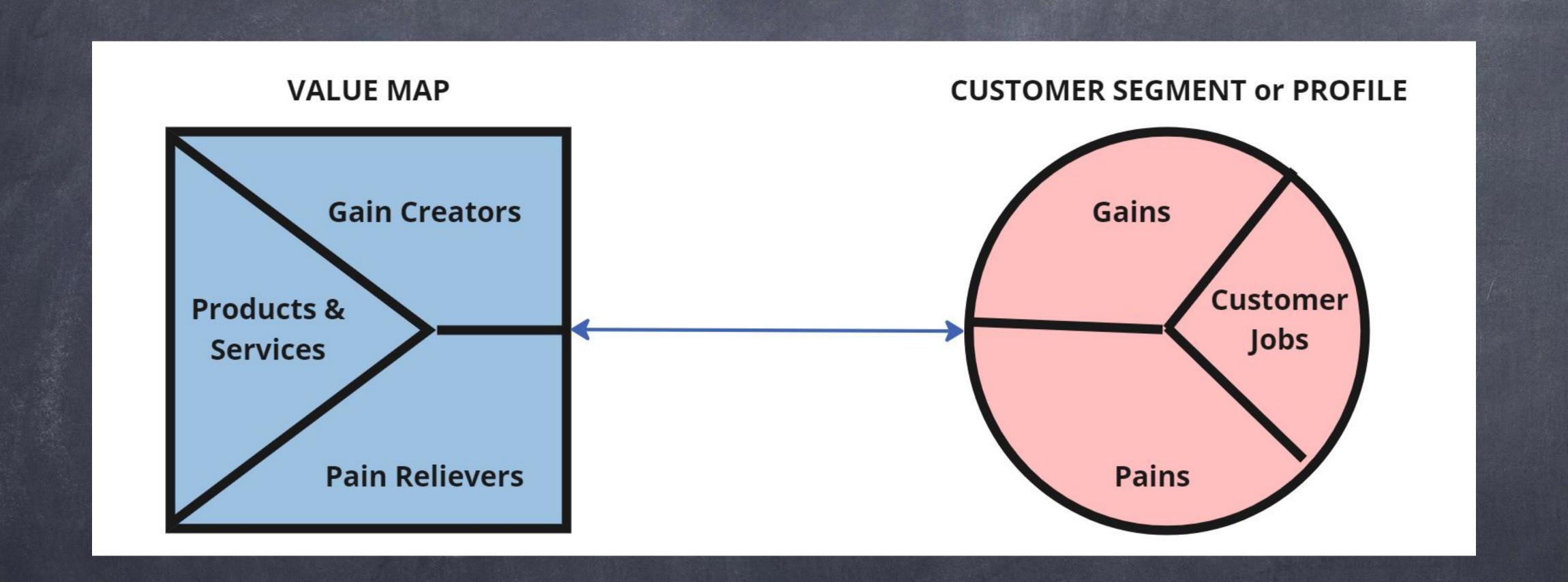
It has two sides:

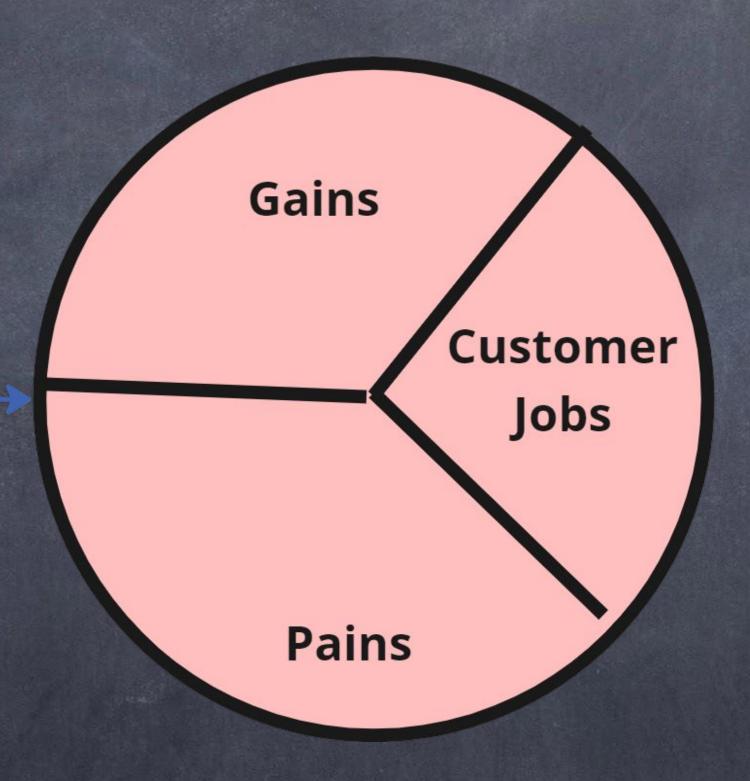
- 1. With the <u>Customer Segment or Profile</u> where you describe who is your customer.
- 2. With the <u>Value Map</u> you describe how you intend to create value for that customer.





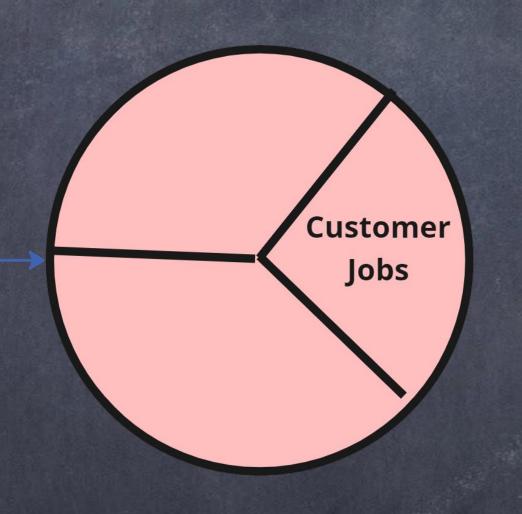






A description of what customers want to get resolved. These are tasks they are trying to perform or needs they need to satisfy.

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<u>Functional jobs</u>: the customer needs to perform a specific task that resolves a problem.

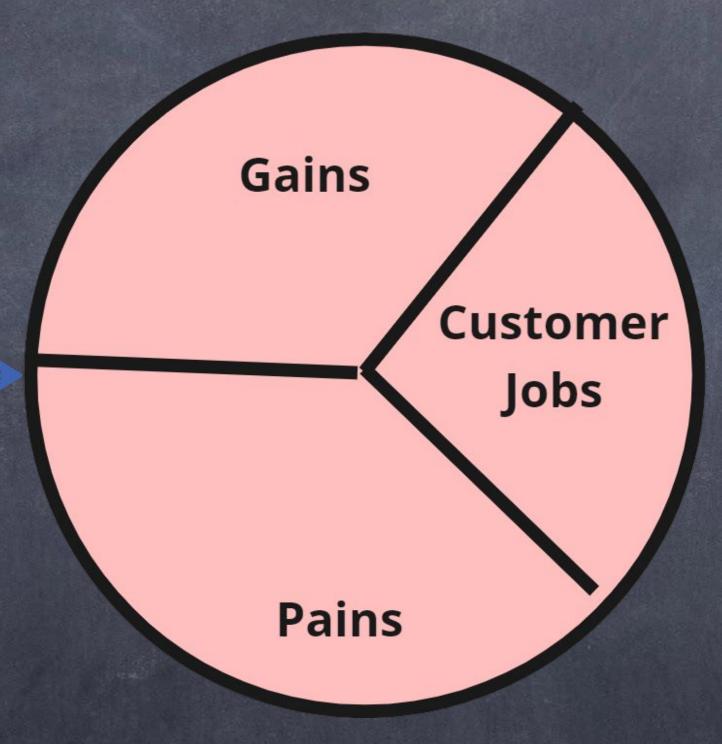
Ex. "the customer needs to clean the house"

<u>Social jobs</u>: the customer wants to look good, gain power or status.

Ex. "the customer wants to convey an idea of success to the peers"

Emotional jobs: the customer wants to feel good and secure. Ex. "the customer needs to feel healthy after eating a candy"

A description of concrete benefits the customer would like to achieve from a product/service that completes this job

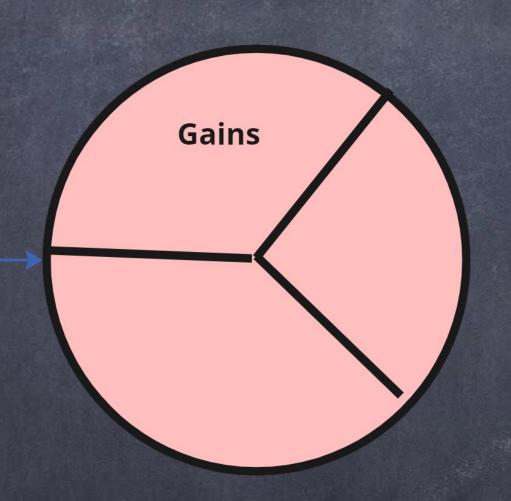


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Functional gain:

Ex. "a product that really remove the dust"



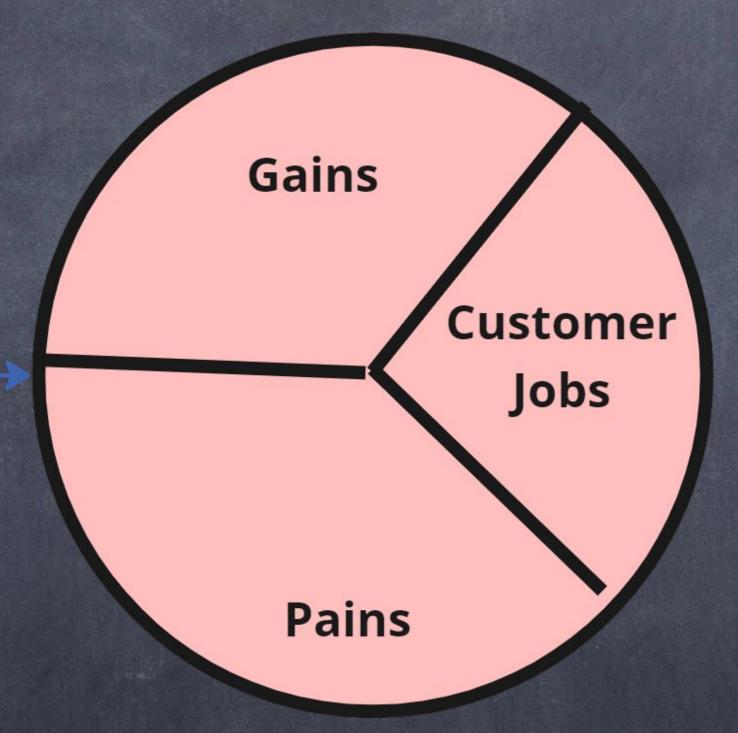
Social gain:

Ex. "a product that provides a prestige among the colleagues"

Emotional gain:

Ex. "a product that makes the customer good when they eat it"

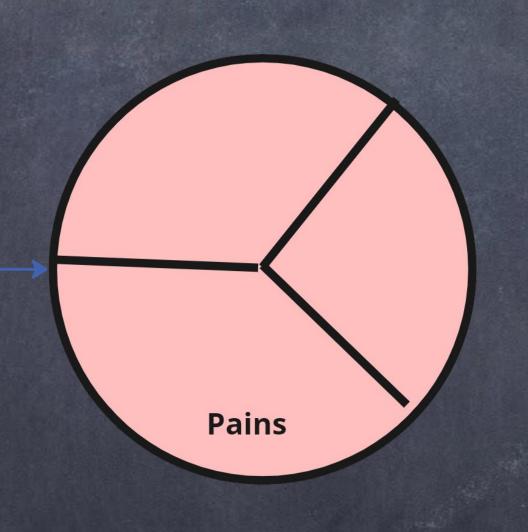
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What are some potential bad outcomes or risks associated with customer jobs? What annoys the customer when trying to get the job done?

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Functional pain:

Ex. "vertical vacuum cleaners usually do not collect sand or larger dust particles"

Social pain:

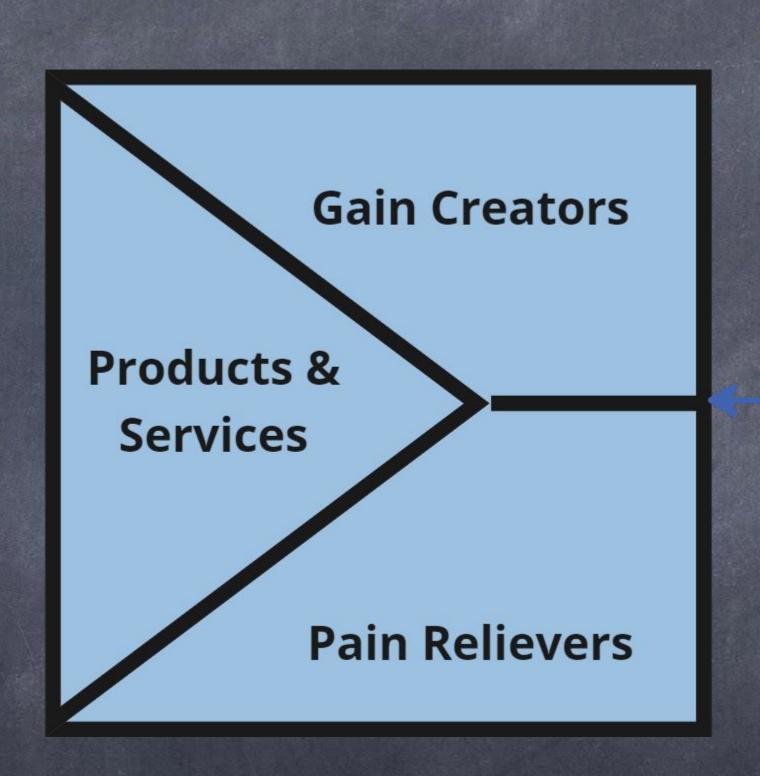
Ex. "if the customer uses a very expensive watch, non-profit clients will tend not to work with him/her"

Emotional pain:

Ex. "The customer feels guilty every time they eat a chocolate"

VPC – Value Map

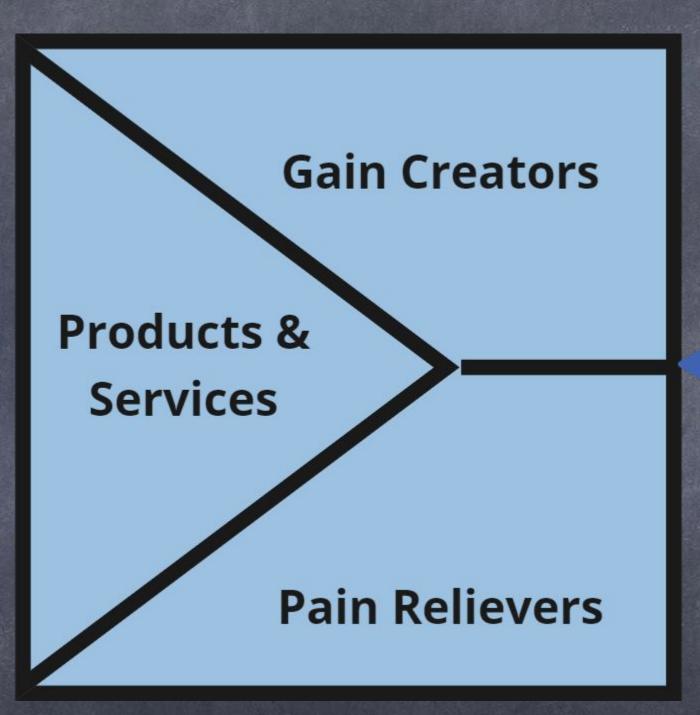
A list of all the products and services. A simple enumeration of products and services that create customer value.



VPC – Value Map

A description of how your products and services create customer gains. They explicitly outline how you intend to produce outcomes and benefits for the customer.

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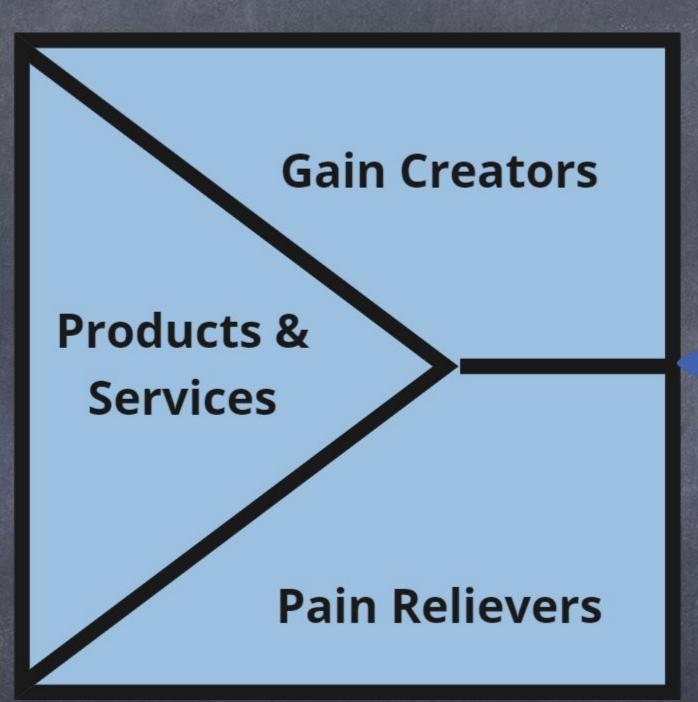


VPC – Value Map

A description of how your products and services create customer gains. They explicitly outline how you intend to produce outcomes and benefits for the customer.

A list of all the products and services.

A simple enumeration of products and services that create customer value.



A description of how your products and services alleviate customer pains. They explicitly outline how you intend to eliminate or reduce whatever annoys or prevents your customer from completing a job.

Channels

BMC

Channels:

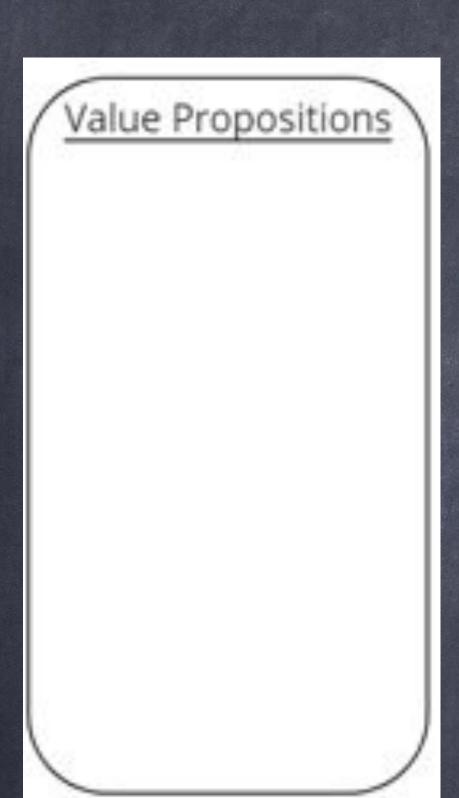
Describes how a company communicate with and reaches its customer segments. This is the interface of the company with its customers and should help you raise awareness and sell your products and services.

BMC

<u>Customer</u> relationships

Customer relationships:

Describes what kind of relationship you want to establish with your customers. They can be more personal and closer or become more automated. You could provide personal assistance or allow the client to be very autonomous and instead have self-service



Value Propositions:

A value proposition refers to the unique benefits or value that a product or service provides to customers. When describing a value proposition, it's crucial to emphasize the specific problem it solves or the need it fulfils for the customer.

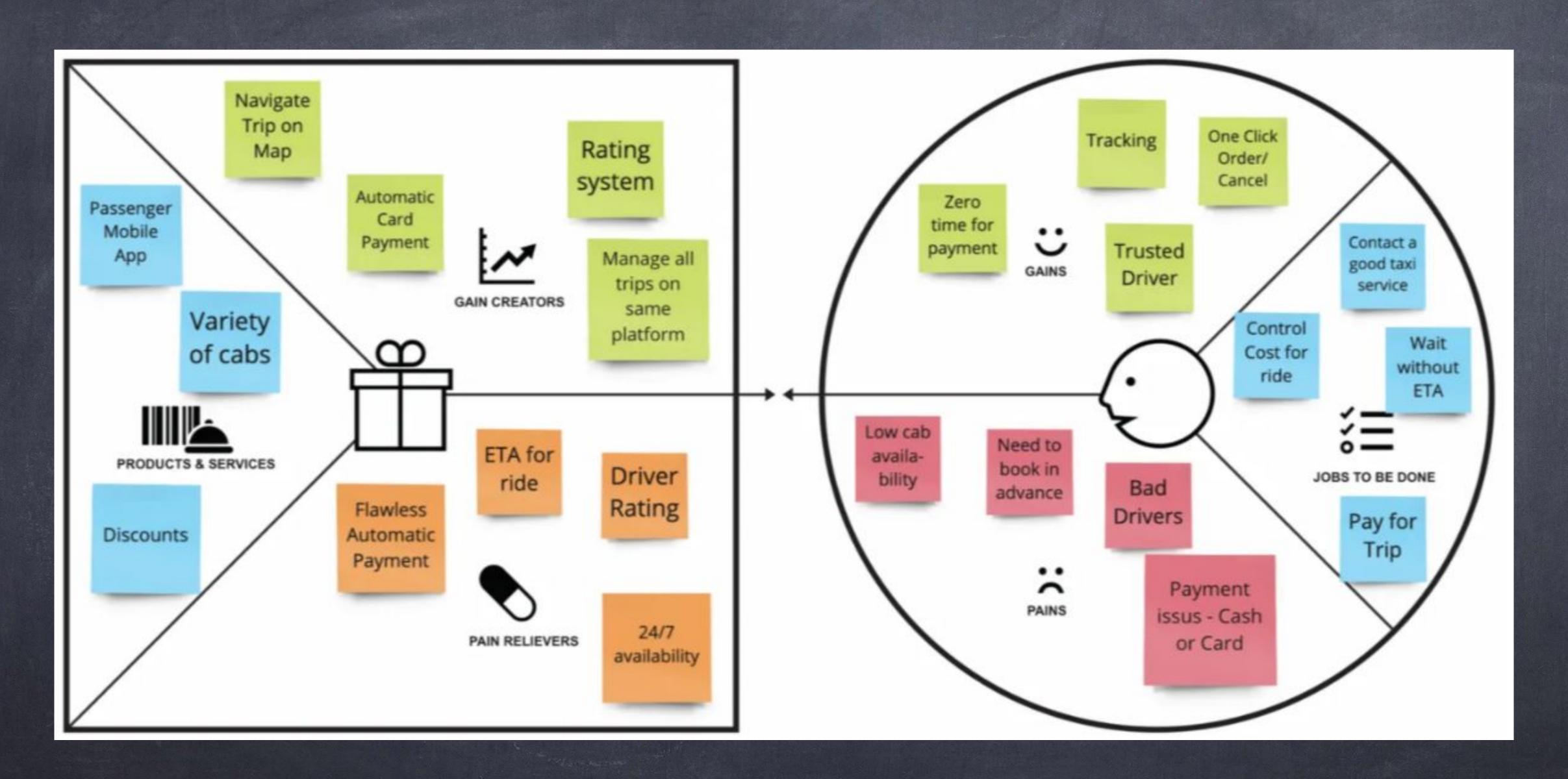
"Unlimited, personalized entertainment at your fingertips, anywhere."



Customer Segments: refer to the different groups of people or organizations that a business aims to reach and serve. When describing customer segments, it's important to define the distinct characteristics, needs, and preferences of each segment. This allows businesses to tailor their products, services, and marketing strategies to effectively meet the specific requirements of each group.

Let's do it together!

VPC – uber example



To come:

Funding

See you on next session:)